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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/931,250	08/17/2001	Fumikazu Takahashi	500.40501X00	2734

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ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP
1300 NORTH SEVENTEENTH STREET
SUITE 1800
ARLINGTON, VA 22209-9889

EXAMINER

COX, CASSANDRA F

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2816

DATE MAILED: 07/17/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Applicati n No.

09/931,250

Applicant(s)

TAKAHASHI ET AL.

Examiner

Cassandra Cox

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 April 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☒ Claim(s) 10-15 is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1, 16 and 25-27 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 2-9 and 17-24 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 17 August 2001 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 11. 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in-

(1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or
(2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).

3. Claims 1, 16, and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Krishnamurthy (U.S. Patent No. 6,271,713).

In reference to claim 1, Krishnamurthy discloses in Figures 1 and 3 an integrated circuit comprising a driver circuit (108, 112), a first long-distance wiring (144, see Figure 3) connected to the driver circuit (108, 112), and a plurality of gate circuits (146, 148, see Figure 3 also) connected over the entire length of the first long-distance wiring (144), so that an input signal (Vin) is received by the plurality of gate circuits (146, 148) via the driver circuit (108, 112) and the first long-distance wiring (144), wherein a node arranged in the vicinity of an input terminal of the gate circuit (146, 148) connected to an end of the first long-distance wiring (144) and an input terminal (Vin) of the driver circuit

(108, 112) are connected through a second long-distance wiring (106) and a speed increasing circuit (M1). The same applies to claim 16.

In reference to claim 25, Krishnamurthy discloses in Figure 1 that the input signal (Vin) is a non-clock input signal.

In reference to claim 26, Krishnamurthy discloses in Figure 1, wherein the speed-increasing circuit (M1) is driven by a signal from the second long-distance wiring (106) when the input signal (Vin) changes from a first state to a second state and the speed-increasing circuit (M1) is driven by a signal from the first long-distance wiring (144 or 114 in Figure 1) when the input signal (Vin) changes from the second state to the first state.

In reference to claim 27, the limitation requiring different delay times for the first long-distance wiring and the second long-distance wiring is seen to be a design expedient dependent on the particular environment and the desired outcome. It is well known in the art that one can vary the delay time of a wiring line by varying the line length.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 10-15 are allowed.
5. Claims 2-9 and 17-24 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Claims 2 and 17 would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 1 wherein the speed-increasing circuit (107) includes a PMOS transistor (108) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any intervening claims. Claims 3, 18, and 22 would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 2 wherein the speed-increasing circuit (107) includes an NMOS transistor (110) and a buffer circuit (111) that is inserted at an input side of the second long-distance wiring (106) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any intervening claims. Claims 4 and 19 would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 10 wherein the speed-increasing circuit (113) includes a CMOS inverter having a PMOS transistor (114) and an NMOS transistor (115) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any intervening claims. Claims 5 and 20 would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 4 wherein a plurality of speed-increasing circuits (107) are additionally inserted between an intermediate position of the second long-distance wiring (106) and the vicinity of the input terminal of the gate circuit (203) connected to a position corresponding to that intermediate position in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any intervening claims. Claims 6 and 21 would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 5 wherein a plurality of buffer circuits (200, 201) are inserted at the input side of the second long-distance wiring (106) in combination

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with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claim 7 would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 6 wherein a buffer circuit (201) is inserted at the output side of the second long-distance wiring (106) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claims 8 and 23 would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 7 wherein the input signal (VIN) is realized by a word line selecting signal; the driver circuit (100) is realized by a word line driver; the first long-distance wiring (104) is realized by a word line; and the gate circuits (103) are realized by memory cells in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any intervening claims. Claims 9 and 24, would be allowable because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 9 wherein the gate circuits (203) are realized by flip-flop circuits in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: Claim 10 is allowed because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 2 wherein the speed-increasing circuit (107) includes an NMOS transistor (110) and a buffer circuit (111) that is inserted at an input side of the second long-distance wiring (106) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any intervening claims. Claim 11 is allowed because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 10 wherein the speed-increasing circuit (113) includes a CMOS inverter having a PMOS transistor (114) and an NMOS transistor (115) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any

intervening claims. Claim 12 is allowed because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 4 wherein a plurality of speed-increasing circuits (107) are additionally inserted between an intermediate position of the second long-distance wiring (106) and the vicinity of the input terminal of the gate circuit (203) connected to a position corresponding to that intermediate position in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claims and any intervening claims. Claim 13 is allowed because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 5 wherein a plurality of buffer circuits (200, 201) are inserted at the input side of the second long-distance wiring (106) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claim 14 is allowed because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 6 wherein a buffer circuit (201) is inserted at the output side of the second long-distance wiring (106) in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claim 15 is allowed because the closest prior art of record fails to disclose a circuit as shown in Figure 9 wherein the gate circuits (203) are realized by flip-flop circuits in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

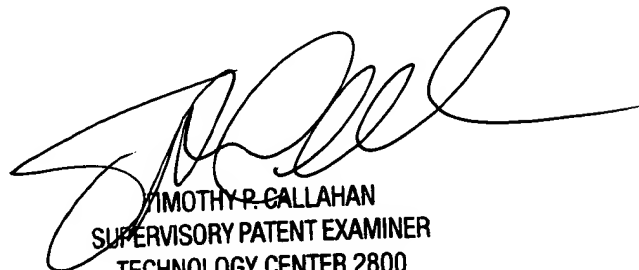
Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cassandra Cox whose telephone number is 703-306-5735. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM and on alternate Fridays from 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Callahan can be reached on (703)-308-4876. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9318 for regular communications and 703-872-9319 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

CC
cc
July 1, 2003


TIMOTHY P. CALLAHAN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800